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===== Virgin
PROGRAM VIRGIN Virgin
VERSION 76-1 (NOVEMBER 1976) Virgin
VERSION 84-1 (JUNE 1984) *DOUBLE PRECISION ENERGY Virgin
VERSION 86-1 (JANUARY 1986) *FORTRAN-77/H VERSION Virgin
VERSION 88-1 (JULY 1988) *OPTION...INTERNALLY DEFINE ALL I/O Virgin
FILE NAMES (SEE, SUBROUTINE FILEIO Virgin
FOR DETAILS). Virgin
*IMPROVED BASED ON USER COMMENTS. Virgin
VERSION 89-1 (JANUARY 1989) *PSYCHOANALYZED BY PROGRAM FREUD TO Virgin
INSURE PROGRAM WILL NOT DO ANYTHING Virgin
CRAZY. Virgin
*UPDATED TO USE NEW PROGRAM CONVERT Virgin
KEYWORDS. Virgin
*ADDED LIVERMORE CIVIC COMPILER Virgin
CONVENTIONS. Virgin
VERSION 92-1 (JANUARY 1992) *COMPLETE RE-WRITE Virgin
*OUTPUT IN PLOTTAB FORMAT Virgin
*UP TO 2000 THICKNESSES Virgin
*INCREASED INCORE PAGE SIZE TO 6000 Virgin
CROSS SECTION POINTS Virgin
*ADDED PHOTON CALCULATIONS Virgin
*ADDED BLACKBODY SPECTRUM Virgin
*ADDED MULTIPLE LAYERS Virgin
*ADDED SPATIALLY DEPENDENT DENSITY Virgin
*ADDED FORTRAN SAVE OPTION Virgin
*COMPLETELY CONSISTENT I/O ROUTINES - Virgin
TO MINIMIZE COMPUTER DEPENDENCE. Virgin
VERSION 92-2 (MAY 1992) *CORRECTED TO HANDLE MULTIGROUP CROSS Virgin
SECTIONS AS INPUT IN ENDF/B FORMAT. Virgin
VERSION 96-1 (JANUARY 1996) *COMPLETE RE-WRITE Virgin
*IMPROVED COMPUTER INDEPENDENCE Virgin
*ALL DOUBLE PRECISION Virgin
*ON SCREEN OUTPUT Virgin
*UNIFORM TREATMENT OF ENDF/B I/O Virgin
*IMPROVED OUTPUT PRECISION Virgin
*DEFINED SCRATCH FILE NAMES Virgin
VERSION 99-1 (MARCH 1999) *CORRECTED CHARACTER TO FLOATING Virgin
POINT READ FOR MORE DIGITS Virgin
*UPDATED TEST FOR ENDF/B FORMAT Virgin
VERSION BASED ON RECENT FORMAT CHANGE Virgin
*GENERAL IMPROVEMENTS BASED ON Virgin
USER FEEDBACK Virgin
VERS. 2000-1 (FEBRUARY 2000) *GENERAL IMPROVEMENTS BASED ON Virgin
USER FEEDBACK Virgin
VERS. 2002-1 (MAY 2002) *OPTIONAL INPUT PARAMETERS Virgin
VERS. 2004-1 (MARCH 2004) *ADDED INCLUDE FOR COMMON Virgin
*UP TO 2000 THICKNESSES Virgin
*INCREASED INCORE PAGE SIZE TO 60,000 Virgin
VERS. 2007-1 (JAN. 2007) *CHECKED AGAINST ALL ENDF/B-VII. Virgin
*INCREASED INCORE PAGE SIZE TO Virgin
240,000 FROM 60,000. Virgin
VERS. 2007-2 (DEC. 2007) *72 CHARACTER FILE NAME. Virgin
VERS. 2010-1 (Apr. 2010) *General update based on user feedback Virgin
*INCREASED INCORE PAGE SIZE TO Virgin
600,000 FROM 240,000. Virgin
VERS. 2012-1 (Aug. 2012) *Added CODENAME Virgin
*32 and 64 bit Compatible Virgin
*Added ERROR stop Virgin
VERS. 2015-1 (Jan. 2015) *Extended OUT9. Virgin
*Replaced ALL 3 way IF Statements. Virgin
*Generalized TART Group Structures. Virgin
*Generalized SAND-II Group Structures. Virgin
*Extended SAND-II to 60, 150, 200 MeV. Virgin
VERS. 2015-2 (Apr. 2015) *Changed ALL data to "D" instead of Virgin
"E" to insure it is REAL*8 and avoid Virgin
Truncation ERRORS. Virgin
VERS. 2017-1 (May 2017) *Added UKAEA 1102 Group Structure. Virgin
*Increased points to 3,000,000 Virgin
*Increased groupd to 30,000 Virgin

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*Updated based on user feedback Virgin
*Defintion of built-in group structure Virgin
using SUBROUTINE GROPE is identical Virgin
for GROUPIE and VIRGIN. Virgin
*All floating point parameters changed Virgin
to character inout + IN9 conversion. Virgin
VERS. 2018-1 (Jan. 2018) *Decreased PAGE size from 3,000,000 Virgin
to 1,500,000 Virgin
*On-line output for ALL ENDERROR Virgin

2015-2 Acknowledgment
=====

I thank Andrej Trkov (NDS, IAEA) for finding the problem with
the "E" formatted DATA (this effected both VIRGIN and GROUPIE).
I also thank Andrej for overseeing the entire PREPRO project
at IAEA, Vienna; he is part of a truly International team who
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available Internationally on-line for FREE to ALL users.

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PURPOSE

THIS PROGRAM IS DESIGNED TO CALCULATE UNCOLLIDED (I.E. VIRGIN)
FLUX AND REACTIONS DUE TO TRANSMISSION OF A MONODIRECTIONAL
BEAM OF NEUTRONS THROUGH ANY THICKNESS OF MATERIAL. IN ORDER
TO SIMULATE AN EXPERIMENTAL MEASUREMENT THE RESULTS ARE GIVEN
AS INTEGRALS OVER ENERGY TALLY GROUPS (AS OPPOSED TO POINTWISE
IN ENERGY). BY TAKING THE RATIO OF REACTIONS TO FLUX IN EACH
GROUP AN EQUIVALENT SPATIALLY DEPENDENT GROUP AVERAGED CROSS
SECTION IS CALCULATED BY THE PROGRAM.

EVALUATED DATA

THE EVALUATED DATA MUST BE IN THE ENDF/B FORMAT. HOWEVER IT
MUST BE LINEAR-LINEAR INTERPOLABLE IN ENERGY-CROSS SECTION
BETWEEN TABULATED POINTS. SINCE ONLY CROSS SECTIONS (FILE 3 OR 23)
ARE USED, THIS PROGRAM WILL WORK ON ANY VERSION OF ENDF/B
(I.E. ENDF/B-I, II, III, IV, V OR VI).

RELATED COMPUTER CODES

IN ORDER TO CONVERT ENDF/B DATA TO THE FORM REQUIRED BY THIS CODE
THE FOLLOWING COMPUTER CODES MAY BE USED,

LINEAR - CONVERT FROM GENERAL ENDF/B INTERPOLATION TO LINEAR-
LINEAR INTERPOLATION. Virgin
RECENT - ADD THE RESONANCE CONTRIBUTION TO TABULATED BACKGROUND Virgin
CROSS SECTIONS TO OBTAIN LINEAR-LINEAR INTERPOLABLE Virgin
RESULTS. Virgin
SIGMA1 - DOPPLER BROADEN CROSS SECTION TO OBTAIN LINEAR-LINEAR Virgin

X = 0	X = T
-----	-----
1) C	C
2) 0	2*C
3) 2*C	0
4) 0	3*C
5) 3*C/2	0
6) 0	4*C
7) 4*C/3	0

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THE OPTICAL PATH THROUGH A LAYER OF THICKNESS T MAY BE DEFINED FROM THE ABOVE EXPRESSIONS BY SETTING X=T TO FIND THAT IN ALL CASES THE ANSWER WILL BY C*T. THE CONSTANTS IN THE ABOVE EXPRESSIONS HAVE BEEN INTRODUCED IN ORDER TO FORCE THIS RESULT. WITH THESE FACTORS THE OPTICAL PATH LENGTH THROUGH THE LAYER WILL EXACTLY CORRESPOND TO AN AVERAGE DENSITY CORRESPONDING TO THAT INPUT FOR THE TOTAL AND/OR REACTION, I.E., C CORRESPONDS TO THE INPUT DENSITY.

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NOTE - FOR THE SAME OPTICAL PATH LENGTHS THROUGH THE LAYER THE TRANSMISSION WILL BE EXACTLY THE SAME. HOWEVER, VARYING THE DENSITY WILL ALLOW YOU TO MODIFY THE REACTION RATES AT SPECIFIC DEPTHS INTO THE LAYER.

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COMPUTATION OF INTEGRALS

STARTING FROM TOTAL CROSS SECTIONS, REACTION CROSS SECTIONS AND A SOURCE SPECTRUM ALL OF WHICH ARE GIVEN IN TABULAR FORM WITH LINEAR INTERPOLATION BETWEEN TABULATED POINTS ALL REQUIRED INTEGRALS CAN BE DEFINED BY ANALYTICAL EXPRESSIONS INVOLVING NOTHING MORE COMPLICATED THAN EXPONENTIALS. THE INTEGRALS THAT MUST BE EVALUATED ARE OF THE FORM...

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FLUX

(INTEGRAL EK TO EK+1) (S(E) * EXP(-XCT(E)*Z) *DE)

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REACTIONS

(INTEGRAL EK TO EK+1) (S(E)*XCR(E)*EXP(-XCT(E)*Z) *DE)

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WHERE..

EK TO EK+1 = LONGEST ENERGY INTERVAL OVER WHICH S(E), XCT(E) AND XCR(E) ARE ALL LINEARLY INTERPOLABLE.

S(E) = ENERGY DEPENDENT WEIGHTING SPECTRUM

XCR(E) = REACTION CROSS SECTION

XCT(E) = OPTICAL PATH LENGTH (BASED ON TOTAL CROSS SECTION)

Z = MATERIAL THICKNESS

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S(E), XCR(E) AND XCT(E) ARE ALL ASSUMED TO BE GIVEN IN TABULAR FORM WITH LINEAR INTERPOLATION USED BETWEEN TABULATED POINTS. IN OTHER WORDS BETWEEN TABULATED POINTS EACH OF THESE THREE IS DEFINED BY A FUNCTION OF THE FORM...

$F(E) = ((E - EK) * FK+1 + (EK+1 - E) * FK) / (EK+1 - EK)$

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EACH OF THESE THREE CAN BE CONVERTED TO NORMAL FORM BY THE CHANGE OF VARIABLES...

$X = (E - 0.5 * (EK+1 + EK)) / (EK+1 - EK)$

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IN WHICH CASE X WILL VARY FROM -1 (AT EK) TO +1 (AT EK+1) AND EACH FUNCTION REDUCES TO THE NORMAL FORM...

$F(X) = 0.5 * (FK * (1 - X) + FK+1 * (1 + X))$
 $= 0.5 * (FK+1 + FK) + 0.5 * (FK+1 - FK) * X$

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BY DEFINING THE AVERAGE VALUE AND 1/2 THE CHANGE ACROSS THE INTERVAL.

$AVF = 0.5 * (FK+1 + FK)$

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DF= 0.5*(FK+1 - FK) Virgin
 DE= 0.5*(EK+1 - EK) Virgin
 EACH OF THE THREE FUNCTIONS REDUCES TO THE SIMPLE FORM... Virgin
 F(X)=AVF+DF*X Virgin
 AND THE TWO REQUIRED INTEGRALS REDUCE TO... Virgin
 FLUX Virgin
 ---- Virgin
 DE*EXP(-AVXCT*Z) * (INTEGRAL -1 TO +1) Virgin
 ((AVS+DS*X)*EXP(-DXCT*Z*X)*DX) Virgin
 REACTION Virgin
 ----- Virgin
 DE*EXP(-AVXCT*Z) * (INTEGRAL -1 TO +1) Virgin
 ((AVS*AVXCR+(AVS*DXCR+AVXCR*DS)*X+DS*DXCR*X*X)*EXP(-DXCT*Z*X)*DX) Virgin
 WHERE Virgin
 AVXCT = AVERAGE VALUE OF THE TOTAL CROSS SECTION Virgin
 AVXCR = AVERAGE VALUE OF THE REACTION CROSS SECTION Virgin
 AVS = AVERAGE VALUE OF THE SOURCE Virgin
 DXCT = 1/2 THE CHANGE IN THE TOTAL CROSS SECTION Virgin
 DXCR = 1/2 THE CHANGE IN THE REACTION CROSS SECTION Virgin
 DS = 1/2 THE CHANGE IN THE SOURCE Virgin
 DE = 1/2 THE CHANGE IN THE ENERGY Virgin
 NOTE THAT IN THIS FORM THE ENERGY ONLY APPEARS IN FRONT OF THE Virgin
 INTEGRALS AND THE INTEGRALS ARE EXPRESSED ONLY IN TERMS OF THE Virgin
 TABULATED VALUES OF S(E), XCT(E) AND XCR(E). IN PARTICULAR NO Virgin
 DERIVATIVES ARE USED, SO THAT THERE ARE NO NUMERICAL INSTABILITY Virgin
 PROBLEMS IN THE VICINITY OF DISCONTINUITIES IN S(E), XCT(E) OR Virgin
 XCR(E). INDEED, SINCE (EK+1 - EK) APPEARS IN FRONT OF THE INTEGRAL Virgin
 POINTS OF DISCONTINUITY AUTOMATICALLY MAKE ZERO CONTRIBUTION TO Virgin
 THE INTEGRALS. Virgin
 THE REQUIRED INTEGRALS CAN BE EXPRESSED IN TERMS OF THE THREE Virgin
 INTEGRALS IN NORMAL FORM... Virgin
 F(A,N) = (INTEGRAL -1 TO 1) (X**N*EXP(-A*X)*DX), N=0,1 AND 2. Virgin
 THESE THREE INTEGRALS CAN BE EVALUATED TO FIND... Virgin
 N=0 Virgin
 --- Virgin
 F(A,0) = (EXP(A)-EXP(-A))/A Virgin
 N=1 Virgin
 --- Virgin
 F(A,1) = ((1-A)*EXP(A)-(1+A)*EXP(-A))/(A*A) Virgin
 N=2 Virgin
 --- Virgin
 F(A,2) = ((2-2*A+A*A)*EXP(A)-(2+2*A+A*A)*EXP(-A))/(A*A*A) Virgin
 HOWEVER THESE EXPRESSIONS ARE NUMERICALLY UNSTABLE FOR SMALL Virgin
 VALUES OF A. THEREFORE FOR SMALL A THE EXPONENTIAL IN THE Virgin
 INTEGRALS ARE EXPANDED IN A POWER SERIES... Virgin
 EXP(-AX)=1.0-(AX)+(AX)**2/2-(AX)**3/6+(AX)**4/24-..... Virgin
 =(SUM K=0 TO INFINITY) (-AX)**K/(K FACTORIAL) Virgin
 AND THE INTEGRAL REDUCES TO THE FORM... Virgin
 (SUM K=0 TO INFINITY) ((-A)**K/(K FACTORIAL)) * Virgin
 (INTEGRAL -1 TO 1) (X**(N+K))*DX Virgin
 WHICH CAN BE ANALYTICALLY EVALUATED TO FIND... Virgin
 (K(N) = K FACTORIAL) Virgin

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N=0
---
F(A,0) = 2*(1+(A**2)/K(3)+(A**4)/K(5)+(A**6)/K(7)+...
Virgin
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Virgin
N=1
---
F(A,1) = -2*A*(2/K(3)+4*(A**2)/K(5)+6*(A**4)/K(7)+8*(A**6)/K(9)+...
Virgin
Virgin
Virgin
Virgin
Virgin
Virgin
N=2
---
F(A,2) = 2*(2/K(3)+3*4*(A**2)/K(5)+5*6*(A**4)/K(7)+
7*8*(A**6)/K(9)+...
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Virgin
THESE EXPANSIONS ARE USED WHEN THE ABSOLUTE VALUE OF A IS LESS
THAN 0.1. BY TRUNCATING THE ABOVE SERIES BEFORE A**8 THE ERROR
RELATIVE TO THE LEADING TERM OF THE SERIES WILL BE 10**(-10),
YIELDING 10 DIGIT ACCURACY.
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AFTER EVALUATING THE ABOVE FUNCTIONS, EITHER DIRECTLY OR BY USING
THE EXPANSION THE TWO REQUIRED INTEGRALS CAN BE WRITTEN AS...
Virgin
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FLUX
----
DE*EXP(-AVXCT*Z)*(AVS*F(A,0) + DS*F(A,1))
Virgin
Virgin
Virgin
Virgin
REACTIONS
-----
DE*EXP(-AVXCT*Z)*
(AVS*AVXCR*F(A,0) + (AVS*DXCR+AVXCR*DS)*F(A,1) + DS*DXCR*F(A,2))
Virgin
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INPUT FILES
-----
FILENAME UNIT DESCRIPTION
-----
INPUT 2 INPUT LINES
ENDFIN 10 EVALUATED DATA IN ENDF/B FORMAT
Virgin
Virgin
Virgin
Virgin
OUTPUT FILES
-----
FILENAME UNIT DESCRIPTION
-----
OUTPUT 3 OUTPUT LISTING
Virgin
Virgin
Virgin
Virgin
SCRATCH FILES
-----
FILENAME UNIT DESCRIPTION
-----
SCR1 12 REACTION, FLUX AND CROSS SECTION RESULTS (BCD)
(SORTED AT END OF RUN AND OUTPUT SEPARATELY)
SCR2 13 TALLY GROUP ENERGY BOUNDARIES (BINARY)
SCR3 14 SOURCE SPECTRUM (BINARY)
SCR4 15 TOTAL CROSS SECTION (BINARY)
SCR5 16 REACTION CROSS SECTION (BINARY)
Virgin
Virgin
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Virgin
OPTIONAL STANDARD FILE NAMES (SEE SUBROUTINE FILIO1 AND FILEIO2)
-----
UNIT FILE NAME FORMAT
-----
2 VIRGIN.INP BCD
3 VIRGIN.LST BCD
10 ENDFB.IN BCD
11-15 (SCRATCH) BINARY
16 PLOTTAB.CUR PLOTTAB OUTPUT FORMAT DATA
Virgin
Virgin
Virgin
Virgin
INPUT LINES
-----
ANY NUMBER OF CASES MAY BE RUN ONE AFTER THE OTHER. AFTER THE
FIRST CASE HAS BEEN RUN THE FOLLOWING CASES MAY USE THE SAME
THICKNESSES, GROUP STRUCTURE AND SPECTRUM AS THE PRECEDING CASE.
IN ADDITION THE TRANSMITTED SPECTRUM FROM ONE CASE MAY BE USED
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AS THE INCIDENT SPECTRUM IN THE NEXT CASE, TO ALLOW MULTIPLE LAYERS OF DIFFERENT MATERIALS.

LINE	COLS.	FORMAT	DESCRIPTION	Virgin
----	----	----	-----	-----
1	1-60	ENDF/B	INPUT DATA FILENAME (STANDARD OPTION = ENDFB.IN)	Virgin
LEAVE THE DEFINITION OF THE FILENAMES BLANK - THE PROGRAM WILL THEN USE STANDARD FILENAMES.				Virgin
2-3	1-72	18A4	TWO LINE TITLE DESCRIBING PROBLEM	Virgin
4	1- 6	I6	ZA (1000*Z+A) OF TARGET FOR TOTAL	Virgin
	7-11	I5	MT OF TOTAL	Virgin
	12-22	E11.4	DENSITY FOR TOTAL	Virgin
	23-28	I6	ZA (1000*Z+A) OF TARGET FOR REACTION	Virgin
	29-33	I5	MT OF REACTION = 0 - NO REACTION CALCULATION (ONLY FLUX). = GREATER THAN 0 - CALCULATE REACTIONS.	Virgin
	34-44	E11.4	DENSITY FOR REACTION	Virgin
	45-50	I6	NUMBER OF TARGET THICKNESSES = GREATER THAN 0 = READ FROM INPUT (1 TO 2000 ALLOWED) = 0 = SAME AS LAST CASE	Virgin
51-55	I5		NUMBER OF TALLY GROUPS (REMEMBER NUMBER OF GROUP BOUNDARIES IS ONE MORE THAN THE NUMBER OF GROUPS) UP TO 2000 GROUPS ARE ALLOWED BUILT-IN GROUP STRUCTURES. = GREATER THAN 0 = READ FROM INPUT = 0 TART 175 GROUPS = -1 ORNL 50 GROUPS = -2 ORNL 126 GROUPS = -3 ORNL 171 GROUPS = -4 SAND-II 620 GROUPS..1.0D-4 eV TO 18 MEV = -5 SAND-II 640 GROUPS..1.0D-4 eV TO 20 MEV = -6 WIMS 69 GROUPS = -7 GAM-I 68 GROUPS = -8 GAM-II 99 GROUPS = -9 MUFT 54 GROUPS =-10 ABBN 28 GROUPS =-11 TART 616 GROUPS TO 20 MeV =-12 TART 700 GROUPS TO 1 GeV =-13 SAND-II 665 GROUPS..1.0D-5 eV TO 18 MEV =-14 SAND-II 685 GROUPS..1.0D-5 eV TO 20 MEV =-15 TART 666 GROUPS TO 200 MeV =-16 SAND-II 725 GROUPS..1.0D-5 eV TO 60 MEV =-17 SAND-II 755 GROUPS..1.0D-5 eV TO 150 MEV =-18 SAND-II 765 GROUPS..1.0D-5 eV TO 200 MEV =-19 UKAEA 1102 GROUPS..1.0D-5 eV to 1 GeV	Virgin
56-60	I5		NUMBER OF POINTS IN SOURCE SPECTRUM (MUST BE AT LEAST TWO POINTS) = GREATER THAN 1 = READ FROM INPUT = 0 = SAME AS LAST CASE = -1 = CONSTANT (ENERGY INDEPENDENT) = -2 = 1/E = -3 = BLACKBODY - PHOTON SPECTRUM = -4 = BLACKBODY - ENERGY SPECTRUM = -5 = TRANSMITTED SPECTRUM FROM LAST CASE NOTE, ALL SPECTRA, EXCEPT THE TRANSMITTED SPECTRUM FROM THE LAST CASE, WILL BE NORMALIZED SUCH THAT ITS INTEGRAL OVER ENERGY WILL BE UNITY.	Virgin
61-64	1X,3I1		SPATIALLY DEPENDENT OUTOUT = 0 = NO = 1 = YES FOR THE 3 QUANTITIES COLUMN 67 FLUX 68 REACTIONS 69 AVERAGE CROSS SECTION	Virgin
65-65	I1		ENERGY DEPENDENT OUTOUT	Virgin

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= 0 = NONE Virgin
= 1 = INCIDENT SPECTRUM Virgin
= 2 = TRANSMITTED SPECTRUM Virgin
= 3 = INCIDENT REACTIONS Virgin
= 4 = TRANSMITTED REACTIONS Virgin
= 5 = TOTAL CROSS SECTION Virgin
= 6 = REACTION CROSS SECTION Virgin
5 1-11 E11.4 BLACKBODY TEMPERATURE IN eV Virgin
12-22 E11.4 FLUX NORMALIZATION Virgin
23-33 E11.4 REACTION NORMALIZATION Virgin
CALCULATIONS WILL BE BASED ON THE SPECTRUM Virgin
AND CROSS SECTIONS AS READ. AT OUTPUT THE Virgin
RESULTS WILL BE MULTIPLIED BY THESE Virgin
NORMALIZATION FACTORS. Virgin
34-44 I11 DENSITY PROFILE Virgin
= 0 - UNIFORM - BASED ON TOTAL DENSITY Virgin
= 1 - UNIFORM - TOTAL + REACTION DENSITY Virgin
= 2 - TOTAL + LINEAR REACTION Virgin
= 3 - LINEAR (TOTAL + REACTION) Virgin
= 4 - TOTAL + SQUARE REACTION Virgin
= 5 - SQUARE (TOTAL + REACTION) Virgin
= 6 - TOTAL + CUBIC REACTION Virgin
= 7 - CUBIC (TOTAL + REACTION) Virgin
6-N 1-66 6E11.4 TARGET THICKNESSES IN CM Virgin
IF SAME AS LAST CASE THIS SECTION IS NOT Virgin
INCLUDED IN THE INPUT. Virgin
VARY 1-66 6E11.4 TALLY GROUP ENERGY BOUNDARIES Virgin
(NUMBER OF BOUNDARIES IS ONE MORE THAN Virgin
THE NUMBER OF TALLY GROUPS) Virgin
IF THE STANDARD OPTION (-14 TO 0) IS Virgin
SELECTED THIS SECTION IS NOT INCLUDED Virgin
IN THE INPUT Virgin
VARY 1-66 6E11.4 SOURCE SPECTRUM IN ENERGY (eV)-SOURCE PAIRS Virgin
(MUST BE AT LEAST TWO POINTS) Virgin
IF STANDARD OPTION (-5 TO 0) IS SELECTED THIS Virgin
SECTION IS NOT INCLUDED IN THE INPUT Virgin
Virgin
ANY NUMBER OF CASES MAY BE RUN ONE AFTER ANOTHER. Virgin
Virgin
EXAMPLE INPUT NO. 1 Virgin
----- Virgin
CALCULATE THE UNCOLLIDED FLUX AND CAPTURE (MT=102) THROUGH Virgin
30 CM OF IRON (DENSITY 7.87 G/CC). TALLY THE RESULTS USING Virgin
THE TART 175 GROUP STRUCTURE. THE SOURCE WILL BE CONSTANT Virgin
FROM 1 KEV TO 20 MEV. USE THE STANDARD ENDF/B INPUT DATA Virgin
FILENAME. Virgin
Virgin
ENDFB.IN Virgin
IRON 0 TO 30 CM THICK. Virgin
CONSTANT SOURCE FROM 1 KEV TO 20 MEV. Virgin
26000 1 7.8700D+ 0 26000 102 7.8700D+ 0 2 0 2 1100 Virgin
0.0000D+ 0 1.0000D+ 0 1.0000D+ 0 0 0.0000D+00 Virgin
0.0000D+00 3.0000D+01 Virgin
1.0000D+03 1.0000D+00 2.0000D+07 1.0000D+00 Virgin
Virgin
EXAMPLE INPUT NO. 2 Virgin
----- Virgin
CALCULATE THE UNCOLLIDED PHOTON FLUX THROUGH A MIXTURE OF SILICON Virgin
AND IRON FOR 100 MEV PHOTONS INCIDENT. THE TRANSMISSION WILL BE Virgin
CALCULATED FOR 21 THICKNESSES VARYING BETWEEN 0 AND 1 CM. THERE Virgin
WILL BE ONLY 1 TALLY GROUP SPANNING A VERY NARROW ENERGY RANGE Virgin
NEAR 100 MEV, AND THE SOURCE SPECTRUM WILL BE CONSTANT OVER THE Virgin
SAME ENERGY RANGE. USE THE STANDARD ENDF/B INPUT DATA FILENAME Virgin
BY LEAVING THE FIRST INPUT LINE BLANK. Virgin
Virgin
(THIS IS A BLANK LINE TO USE THE STANDARD INPUT FILENAME) Virgin
100 MEV PHOTONS Virgin
SILICON + 5 % IRON Virgin
14000 521 2.3000D+ 0 26000 521 1.1500D- 1 21 1 2 1000 Virgin
0.0000D+ 0 1.0000D+ 0 1.0000D+ 0 1 0.0000D+00 Virgin
0.0000D+00 5.0000D-01 1.0000D+00 1.5000D+00 2.0000D+00 2.5000D+00 Virgin

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3.00000+00 3.50000+00 4.00000+00 4.50000+00 5.00000+00 5.50000+00 Virgin
6.00000+00 6.50000+00 7.00000+00 7.50000+00 8.00000+00 8.50000+00 Virgin
9.00000+00 9.50000+00 1.00000+01 Virgin
9.99000+ 7 1.00100+ 8 Virgin
9.99000+ 7 1.00000+ 4 1.00100+ 8 1.00000+ 4 Virgin
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